LEXINGTON:-PRINTED BY JOHN BRADFORD, (On Main Street)-PRICE TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAID IN ADVANCE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Washington, September 1st, 1800.

PUELIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

In purfuance of an act of Congress, past-ed on the 23d day of April, one thou-fand eight hundred, entitled "An act to establish a General Stamp-Office.

THAΓ a General Stamp-Office is now

or every fin or piece of vellum or parament, or foce or piece of paper, upon which field be written or privated any or either of the inframents or writings following to wit,

any then grant of the reliable to the control of th

the's of fuch court to turnin for one fact the United States, or fone particular fates, and some particular fates, or any fates, or early fates, and to or with the United States, or any fates, or for their ter reportively; and any bonds required in any case by the laws of the United States, or any fate, or any fates, or fates, and proceeding, or for the fateful performance of any truth fates the fates of the fat

face, from the United States to any forceign part or place,
The faid duty being chargeable upon ach and every bill of lading without reject to the number contained in each

spectively, according first dollars, for each dollars, for each dollar, for each dollar, on all notes not exceeding first dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars, on all notes above one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars.

a the late war, "inventory or estalogue of any fursiliars goods or cifects, made in any cafe equited by law (except needs of goods on distalled defirance for rent or takes, and goods taken in virtue of any legal roccis by any officer) coertificate of a three in any infurance employees of a three in the think of the most constant of the control of th

That the power of the Supervisors of the reve

LAND FOR SALE.

VILL be exposed to public fale, for cash, at the door of the court house in Lexington, on the twenty-fifth day of November next by virtue of adecree of the district court, held in Lexington, in a fuir of Chancery, wherein Thomas Mendenhall, and others were complainants, and Abraham Fowler, and Mestrs. Hoffman and Harrison of New-York were defendants, pronounced at the September term last past, two trads of LAND, one containing one hundred and fixteen thousand, three hundred and eight thousand, three hundred and of the fast access—and the other containing one hundred and eight thousand, three hundred and forty-four acres, excepting out of the faid trads one undivided thare of thirty thousand acres, which faid trads of land lie in Montgomery and Madison counties, below and in the main focks of the Kentucky river, and were entered in the name of Thomas Franklin and Co. June the 4th 1794—the faile to begin at 12 o'clock.

Cuthbert Banks. Sohn Boggs. & George Clarke, Society of the 1800.



DEGS leave to inform his cultomers and the public in general, that he carries on the Boot and Shot Making Musiness, at his Brick-Houfe on Short freet, near the Prefbyterian Meeting-Houfe, and nearly oppoint the Market-Houfe, Lexington, where he will fell his work lower than ever any has been fold in the flate, for Gafh, Hides, Tallow, Whifkey, Salt or Sugar.

N. B. H. award with the table two or

N. B. He would wish to take two or three boys, from 14 to 16 years of age, and of good character, as apprentices to the above business.

DANVILLE DISTRICT, fet.

DANVILLE DISTRICT, fct.

August term, 1800.

Frederick Boker, complainant,
-against.

Lucae, Sullivan, Spencer Griffin, Henry
Ovasley and Joseph Welco, defts.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants Sullivan and Griffin,
having failed to enter their appearance herein agreeably to law, and the
cules of the court, and it appearing to the
fatisfaction of the court, that they are
not inhabitants of this flate, on the motion of the couplamant by his counfel,
it is ordered that the fail detendants do
appear here on the third day of the next
kanuary term, and answer the complainants bill, and that a copy of this order
be forthwith inferted in the Kentucky
Gazette, for two months successively, another copy posted up at the court house
door, and a third copy published at the
Danville uneeting house door, some Sunday immediately after divine fervice.

A Copy. Teste.

ay immediately after divine to A. Copy. Tefte.

\*\* Willis Green, C. D. D. C.

fust received from Lee & Co's. Patent and Family Medicine Store, Baltimore, and for sale by Macbean & Poyzer, at the Store formerly occupied by McRobert Barr, Lexington, the following Valuable

MEDICINES:

\*\*MEDICINES\*\*

MEDICINES:
HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROY.
ING LOZENGES.
Which have, within eighteen months path, given relief to upwards of FIFTY THOUNDO DER SONS, of all ages, in various dangerous complaints, arting from worms and from founcies or obstruction in the thousach and bowels.

A peculiar excellence of this remedy is, its being libred to very age and conditution: contains non-interest of the contained of

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which intet the human body, are chiefly of the known, it is the Feres or large round worm, the Arlandes, or fault may worm, and halfly, the Feres of the Royal Company of the Worms, and the state of the state of the Royal Company of the Worms, and the state of the Royal Company of the Worms, and the State of the Royal Company of the Roy

of journal of order analy yards only, and is full of journal to the many yards only, and in the difficult to cure.

Among the fynaptoms strending worms, are, difficult to cure.

Among the fynaptoms strending worms, are, difficult to greatly the strength of the strength

Children generalis take this medicine with eagermets, having a pleating appearance, and an agreeable take.

RECENT CURES,

\*\*SELFCTED I TAON SEVERA L. HUNDREDS.

MICHAEL DUFFY, redsing at No. 27.

Wikes freet, Fell's evint, city of Bultimore, to
hustarily maketh oath, teat the following flatement
is just and true.

In the beginning of May iast, my times children,
a how of feven, and two girls, the one five, and the
other three sears of age, were taken very ill, nearthan the beginning of May iast, my times children,
a how of feven, and two girls, the one five, and the
other three sears of age, were taken very ill, nearthan the first three taken than the content that the content than the

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,
For the cure of Agues, remittent and intermittent Fevers.
Thousands can tellify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medi-

cine has proved ineffectual; and not one is a hundred last had occasion to take more tann one, and dead has had occasion to take more tann one, and the had a bette.

Their dead a best of the countries, where take worst fort of new marrier countries, where take worst fort of new order of the condition of the con

of a more easy and pleasant remoty.

THE SOVEREIGN OINTMENT
FOR THE ITCH,
Which is warranted an infallible remody at one
application, and may be need with the moil perfect
facety by pregnant women to indicate a week
old, not containing a particle of indicate any
dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accomp
numed with that commenting finant, which attempts
the application of other remodles.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE. For the prevention and cure of Lillious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended

DR. HAHN's ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS,

DR. HAHN'S ANTI-BILLIOUS
PILLS,
Which have been attended with a degree of fueceff bighly gratefying to the inventor's feelings, in
feveral parts of the West Indies, and the fouthern
feveral parts of the West Indies, and the fouthern
feveral parts of the West Indies, and the fouthern
feveral parts of the West Indies, and the source
person broadward of the state of the above platests in be added, who have and of the above platests in be added, who have play have a
tannely afte of this failutary enticy, has other
Providence, preferred that they sumed in the most
stateming circumflances.
The operation of treefe pills is perfectly mild, for
arts he nied with facts by perfous nevery invation, and of every age.
They are excellently adapted to carry off fuperflows hill, and prevent its morbid fection—to
performed amount the appetite—to produce a lice
of the providence of the properties.
They are excellently and the control of the conorder of fath of the control of the contree of the control of the control of the contree of the control of the control of the contree of the control of the control of the contree of the control of the control of the contree of the control of the control of the contree of the con
The providence of the con
The providenc

THE GENUINE ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD, For the cure of Rheumatim, Gout, Palfy, For the cure of Swellings, See, and has performed more to the dove complaints; than all the or ther medicines ever before made public.

DR. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A fovereign remedy for Golds, obtlinate Counts, Afthmas, and approaching Confomptions, and it far fuperior to any other medicine for the WHOOP-ING COUCH.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

HAMILTON's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine free
the (geedy relief and perumaneut out of the various
complaints which refull from diffigured pleatures,
juvinile indifferentions, reinference in climated to
vorzube to the conflictation, the immoderate nee of
east, frequent intoxication, or any brier deflusfive
intemperance; the urficified or excellive use of
unecars; the diseases pecoling to females at a certain period of life; bad lyings in, &c.

THE DAMASK LIP-SALVE,

An elegant and pleafant preparation for chopped and fore lips, and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by colds, severs, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy color, and delicate softness to the lips.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and fireneth-ens the gums, preferves the enamel from decay, and cleanfes and whitenathe teeth, abforbing all that acrimonious films and founders, which fullered to ac-cumulate never fails to injure and finally ruinthem.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE & GENUINE GERMAN CORN-PLAISTER,
An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

DR.HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WA.

A fovereign temedy for all difeafes of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakenfs or of accident, fpeedily removing infammations, defunious dent, fpeedily removing infammations, defunious early for the control of the control

TOOTH-ACHE DROPS,

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe in-

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR,
For the cure of every kind of Head. Ache, &c.

BLANK DEEDS.

EXTRACTS From a Pumpblet published by ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

1 "Occurrences which have ei No. 1 "Occurrences which may be ther happened or come to light fines the election of Mr. Adams to the prefidency, confirming my unfavourable forebodings of his character, have given new and decifive energy in my mind, to the fentiment of his unfitness for the flation.

No. 2 " The letter which has just an No. 2 "The letter which has just appeared in the public prints, written by bim when Vice-President, to Tench Coxe, is of itself conclusive evidence of the justifies of this fentiment. It is impossible to speak of this transaction in terms suited to its nature, without losing sight that Mr. Adams is President of the United

ed to its nature, without lofing fight that Mr. Adams is Prefident of the United States.

"This letter avows the inspicion, that the appointment of Mr. Pinkney, to the Court of London, had been procured or promoted by British Influence. And confidering the parade with which the flory of the Duke of Leeds is told, it is fair to confider, that circumflance is the principal, if not the fole ground of the odious and degrading fufpicion.

"Let any man of candor or knowledge of the world pronounce on this fipecies of evidence." Page 14.

No. 3. "But a more ferious question remains—How will Mr. Adams answer to the government & t. et his country, for having thus waittonly given the fanction of his opinion to the worlf of the affertions which the enemies of the administration have impudently thrown upon it? Can we be surprifed that such a torrent of slander has poured out against it, when aman, the fecond in official rank, the fecond in the official favor of the friends of the government, stooped to become hinself one of the calumniators? It is pecularily unlucky for Mr. Adams in this assure, that he is known to have defired at the time, the appointment which was given to Mr. Pinchney. The Prefident declined the measure, thinking that it was compatible neither with the spirit of the constitution, nor with the dignity of the government, to designate the Vice Prefident to such a faction.

"This letter, better than volumes, developes the unfortunate character of Mr. Adams!" Page 20.

No. 4. The last material occurrence to the administration of Mr. Adams.

Adams!" Page 20.

No. 4 The last material occurrence in the administration of Mr. Admas, of which I stall take notice, is the pardon of Frier, and other principals in the late insurerection of Pennsylvania.

"It is a fact that a very refractory spirit has long existed in the western countries of that savery refractory spirit has long existed in the western countries of that state. Repeatedly have its own laws been opposed with violence, and as often, according to my information, with impunity."

"It is a slo a fact, which every body knows, that the laws of the union, in the vital article of revenue, have twice been resisted in the same state, by combinations so extensive, and under circumstances for violent, as to have called for the employment of military force; once under the former President, which together, cost the actual President, which together, cost the Cultured States nearly a million and a half of dollars. It is the last inflance force of the most.

United States nearly a limitor and a limit of dollars, and the fold of dollars, were capital ly convicted. One of them by the verdict of two fuccessive juries. The general opinion of the friends of the government demanded an example as indifpensible to its security.\*\*

rernment demanded an example as indiferentible to its fecurity. \*\*

\* Fries was not from the Western Counties. † The only occasion that the laws have seen violated with injunary, is in that of the laws of the l

"The opinion was well founded. Two infurrections in the fame flate, the one upon the heels of the other demonstrated a spirit of infubordination, or difafection, which required a frong corrective. It is a difagreable fact, forming a weighty argument in the queltion, that a large part of the population of Pennsylvania, is a composition which peculiarly wania, is a composition which peculiarly this tif or the intrigues of factious men, who may defire to diffur or or overthrow the government.—And it is an equally difagreeable fact, that disaffection to the national government, is in no other state more general, more deeply rooted, or more envenomed.†
"It ought to be added, that the impunity so from experienced, had made it an article in the creed of those who were actuated by the insurgent spirit, that neither the general nor the state government, dared to inflict capital punishments.
"To destroy this persuasion, to re-

ments. "To destroy this persuasion, to re or 16 detroy this peruanon, to re-prefs the dangerous fipirit, it was effenti-al that a falutary rigor should have been exerted, and those who were under the influence of the one and the other, should be taught that they were the dupes of a fixed little of the control of th

fatal illufion.
"The contrary courfe, which was pur "The contrary courfe, which was purfued, is the mott inexplicable part of Mr.
Adam's conduct. It thems him for much
at variance with himfelf, as well as with
found policy, that we are driven to feek a
folition for it in fome fyllem of conceffion
to his political enemies. A fyllem the
molt fatal to himfelf, and for the cable of
public order, of any that he could pofitbly devife. It is by temporitings like
thefe, that men at the head of affairs,
lofe the respect both of friends and foes.
It is by temporifings like thefe, that in
times of fermentation and commotion,
governments are profitrated, which might
easily have been upheld, by an erect and
imposing attitude." Page 41.

No. 5 "The circumftances of my late military fituation have much lefs to do with my perfonal discontent than some others. In respect to them, I shall only with my perional disontent than some others. In respect to them, I shall only fay, that I owed my appointment to the station and rank I held, to the express slipulation of General Washington when he accepted the command of the army: afterwards peremptorily instited upon by him, in opposition to the strong wishes of the President; and that though second in rank, I was not promoted to the first place when it became vacant by the death of the Commander in Chief. As to the former, I should have no cause to complain, if there had not been an apparent inconsistency in the measures of the President: if he had not nominated me first on the list of major generals and attempted afterwards to place me shird in rank!"

"On other topics my sensations are far

ed afterwards to place me third in rank!"

"On other topics my fenfations are far lefs neutral. If as I have been affured, from respectable authorities, Mr. Adams has repeatedly indulged himself in violent& indecent abuse of me; if he has denomited me a. man destitute of every moral principle; if he has stigmatized me as the leader of a British faction; then earticiple; if he has stigmatized me as the leader of a British faction; then earticiple; if he has tigmatized me as the leader of a British faction; then earticiple in the have I an exclusive right to appeal to all those who have been spectators of my public actions; to all who are acquainted with my private character in its various relations, whether such treatment of me by Mr. Adams, is of a nature to weaken or strengthen his claim to the approbation of wise & good men; then will I fo far yield to the consciounters of pubsa I am; 1; 1; As to declare, that in the cardinal points of public and private reclitude, above all in pure and disinterested and for the inclare, that in the cardinal points of pul-lic and private reclitude, above all ir pure and diffuterefted zeal for the in-terests and service of this country. If shrink not from a comparison with any arrogant pretender to superior and ex-

arrogan pretener to hiperor and ex-clusive merit.

"Having been repeatedly informed that Mr. Adams had delineated me as the leader of a British faction, and hav-ing understood that his partifans, to coun-

Ing undertroot at the part man, even whelmed the west and uninformed; two juries were the west and uninformed; two juries were to the original weeks to the dictation of infuriated judge? But God his infuriate mercies contounded the councils of the wicked and faved the country from being difference by the blood field of mer whole greatest crime did not exceed a mitted meanor, and who had fuffered the gloomy deprivations of two winters in a cold and loath fome orifor!

ome prifor if the primary in the flig-th People of Pennfylvania; mark the flig-a fixed on you by the man whole partizans re feeking to disfranchife you. Think of the character of this man the paramour of firs, Reynolds—are you not honoured by fucl-

Mrs. Keylouss-act you be calumny?

the "The conficiousness of what I am!" It is the author of the Vindication confession the illicit answer with Reynold's wife that peaks thus! O! but there is another tale, would Kirklands self but speak!—The Rev. Mr. Kirklands of Bolton—it is horror to know and be bound not to tell it to a trembling the confession of the confession of

No. 6 "To promote this co-operation, to defend my own character, to vindicate those friends, who with myself have been unkindly aperfed, are the inducements for writing this letter. Accordingly it will be my endeavor to regulate the communication of it in such a maner as will not be likely to deprive Mr. Adams of a single vote. Indeed it is much my wish, that its circulation could forever be consined within narrow limits. I am sensible of the inconveniences of giving publicity to a similar developement of the character of the chief magistrate of our country; and I lament the necessity of taking a step which will involve that result. Yet to suppress truths, the disclosure of which is so interesting to the public welfare; as well as to the vindication of my friends and myless, did not appear to me juilifiable." Page 51.

8. Copies of Letters, (Above alluded to.) New-York, August 1, 1800. No. 8.

"SIR,
"It has been repeatedly mentioned to "STR,
"It has been repeatedly mentioned to
me, that you have on different occasions
afferted the existence of a British faction
in this country, embracing a number of
leading or influential charachers of the
federal party (as usually denominated) &
that you have sometimes named me; at
others, plainly alluded to me as one of
this description of perfons; & I have
likewise been assured to the solution of your
warm adherents, for electioneering purposes, have employed a corresponding
language. I must, fir, take it for granted
that you cannot have made such affertions
or infinuations, without being willing to
avow them; and to affign the reason to a
party who may conceive, himself injured
by them. I therefore trust, that you will
not deem it improper, that I apply direct
y to yourself, to ascertain from you, inference to your own declarations, whethe information I have received his
been incorrect or not; and if corred, ther the information I have received has been incorrect or not; and if correct, what are the grounds upon which you have founded the fuggettions?" With refpect, I have the honor to be,

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your obedient fer'vt,
(Signed, ALEX, HAMILTON.
To John Adams, Eso,
President of the United States.

President of the United States.

No. VII.

The SECOND LETTER.

"STR,
"STR,
"The time which has elapfed fince my letter of the 1th of August was delivered to you, precludes the farther expectation of an answer.
"From this filence I will draw no inference; nor will I prefume to judge of the fitness of filence upon such an occanion, on the part of the chief magistrate of a republic towards a citizen, who without a stain has discharged so many important public trusts.
"But thus much I will affirm, that by whoms of the state of the kind menti-

"But thus much I will affirm, that by whomfoever a charge of the kind mentioned in my former letter, may at any time have been made or infinuated against me it is a bale, wicked, and cruel calumny; deflitute even of a plaufible pretext to excufe the folly, or mask the depravity which must have dictated it.

"With due respect,
"I have the honour to be "Sir,"

Sir,
"Your Obedient Servant
"ALEX. HAMILTON." (Signed) (Signed) "ALEA.
To JOHN ADAMS, Esq.
President of the United States.
AURORA.

European Intelligence.

England.

LONDON, September 3.

LONDON, September 3.

We extract the following article from the Courier de Londres of last night:

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated August 26, 1800.

"I have learned through a certain channel that, in the conferences which Duroc has had with General Kray, the latter has formally declared, that until a monarchy be elfabilithed in France, neither Europe nor France can calculate on peace. Buonaparte has two lines of conduct to pursue, either to make a king, or to become one himfelt. The army of Italy appears to be in these intentions.—

Immediately after the battle of Maresgo,

terach the influence of my opinion, were prefing the same charge against me, I wrote him a letter on the subject dated the fift of August last: No reply having been given by him to this letter, I on the first of the present month, wrote him another. Page 45.

No. 6 "To promote this co-operation, to defend my own character, to vindicate those friends, who with myself have been unkindly asperded, are the inducements for writing this letter. Accordingly it will be my endeavor to regulate the communication of it in such a man.

On this letter Budnare Budna

great revolution."
On this letter the Editor of the Couriser de Londres, makes the following re-

On this letter the Editor of the Courier de Londres, makes the following remarks:

"Thefe details reached us too late on Friday laft to be inferted in our paper.—Several English papers have attacked the politicipt in which we announced them. We declared in the first place, that whether peace or war take place, we busy our felves up with no hopes: In the present arrangements, France and Europe appear to us equally ruined. We have no doubt that a revolution will foon be made in France; but we can forerell that this revolution will be similar to those which have preceeded it; that it will resolve no difficulty, and that the public and private calamities will only be augmented by it. "Our correspondents may no doubt be mistaken in point of authenticity, but the following is an authority which may make an impression upon certain minds; the Journal des Hommes Libres. We particularly call the attention of our readers to it.—Ask these gentlemen what part they are to take, if Austria wishes to continue the war & rejects the term proposed by the Frist Consist They will nodoubt reply that something must be done to appeate Austria, & this having been done, if Austria be not contented, is in tot natural to suppose that their advice will be, that after having made for many facrises for this desirable object, peace, there are still some which we must make, and so on, until at length we shall have got that regular government which has lately been proposed to the Chief Consul almost officially.

"In the midt of all this there is one consolation for republicant, that Buonacter the will recommend the consultance of all this there is one consolation for republicant, that Buonacter the will be consulted to the chief Consultance of the consultance of th In the midst of all this there is one

"In the midft of all this there is one confolation for republicans, that Buonaparte having probably propoled all that he could do with honour, if the peace which is offered be not accepted, it is evident that the first magistrate of the great nation has refused to descend from the dignity which it has conferred upon him." The paper from which this is extracted, is under the direction of the minister of police.

Lexington, November 17.

The Answer of the House of Representa-tives to the Governor's Speech. His EXCELLENGY JAMES GARRARD, Eso, GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY.

JAMES GARRARD, Eso, GOTERNOR OF KENTUCKT.

Sir.

Individually, and as the reprefentatives of the people of Kentucky, we are pleased to receive your assurances of acal to discharge the duties incumbent on you. We entertain no doubt of your integrity, or of your intentions to promote the general welfare.

We sincerely join with you in the warmest expressions of gratitude to the great giver of all goodness for that portion of liberty, case and prosperty which we enjoy; yet we cannot help but regret with you, the very reduced state of our sinances, and the other inconveniences which you have laid before us.

We can only say, that our exertions shall be to promote whatever may have a tendency to advance and secure the interests of our fellow citizens, and to leften (if not remove) the evils which attend.

We are unable to say how far our aid

len (if not remove) the evils which attend.

We are unable to fay how far our aid will be necellary to carry into effect fpecial laws of the laft feffion, which required the attention of the executive; inafmuch as we are not yet advised how far they have been acked upon, or what circumstances have impeded the completion thereof.

We conclude with hoping, that the the united efforts of the executive and legislative powers of this fate will be to promote manufactures and agriculture in our commonwealth; and that fuch endeavours will meet that reward which our warmest wishes shall contemplate.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THAT I CARRY ON THE

STOCKING MANUFACTORY

IN all its various branches, and will
make the belt kind of Thread, Cotton
and Silk Stockings. Any gendlemen
that pleafe to favor me with their
cultom, thal have the greatest attention
given by me, living in Lexington, at the
corner of main and upper. Iteets.

2t Jacob Tragor PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following Bill was introduced in the House of Representatives of the whole boute on Friday last, and we are informed is committed to a committee of the whole boute on Friday last, and we are informed is committee of the whole boute on Friday last.

WHEREAS the prefent Judiciary fyshem is described by any rules or regulations directed by law: it shall, however and requires alteration,

Be committee to a committee of the whole boute on Friday last, and we are informed is whole the prefent of the shall be and they are hereby abolished, to soon as this act shall be and they are hereby abolished, to soon as this act shall be in force.

See a. Be it suffere enasted, That a Circuit court, which shall be for called, shall be held in each county in this commonwealth, in the manner, and at the times and places here in the tounty of Nelson, on the force of the district courts now hold in Frankfort, in the state house, shall be and they are hereby abolished, to soon and the fourth Monday in October; in the county of Nelson, on the fourth Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Mercer, on the fourth Monday in February, June and September; in the county of Jest of February, June and September; in the county of September; in the county of September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in February, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday of February, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday of February, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the county of Gelfatin, on the first Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gelfatin, on the fourth Sections. Be it therefore malted by the General Assembly, That the courts of Quarter Seilions and Diliride courts of thall be and they are hereby abolithed, fo foon as this act thall be and they are hereby abolithed, fo foon as this act thall be in force.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That a Circuit court, which thall be fo cailed, shall be held in each county in this commonwealth, in the manner, and at the times and places herein after mentioned: In the county of Walhington on the first Monday in March July and October in every year; in the tounty of Nelfon, on the fecoud Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Green, on the fourth Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Green, on the fourth Monday in February, June and September; in the county of Jefferfon, in the months of February, June and September; in the county of Shelby on the fecond Monday in February, June and September; in the county of Shelby on the fecond Monday in February, June and September; in the county of Bullitt, on the fourth Monday of February, June and September; in the county of Bullitt, on the fourth Monday of February, June and September; in the county of Gallatin, on the forth Monday of February, June and September; in the county of Woodford, on the fecond Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Woodford, on the first Monday in March, July and October; in the county of Bourbon, on the first Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Bourbon, on the first Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Bourbon, on the first Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gampbell, on the fourth Monday in April, June and September; in the county of Gampbell, on the fourth Monday in the Monday in the months of in the county of Monday in the months of in the county of Monday in the months of in the county of Madison on the Monday in the months of in the county of Garrard, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Garra

in the county of Praumon in the county of Praumon the Monday in the nonths of in the county of Garrard, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Lincoln, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Jeffamine on the Monday in the months of in the county of Logan, on the second s

an the county of Jelamine on the Monday in the months of in the county of Logan, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Logan, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Mullenberg, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Henderfon, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Living-Ron, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Living-Ron, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Gumberland, on the Monday in the months of in the county of Gumberland, on the Monday in the months of the Monday in the Monday in the months of the Monday in the Mond Monday in the months in the county of Knox, on the

on the Monday in the months of in the county of Knox, on the Monday in the months of the county of Knox, on the Monday in the months of Sec. 2. And he it further enalted. That each Circuit court mall fit, if the bulines's before them require it, fix days fuccessively, and no longer.

Sec. 4. The Circuit courts respectively shall have jurification over all persons, and in all cases, matters and things at common law and in chancery, arising in their respective counties, except where the debt or demand shall be under in which cases they shall have no jurisdiction.

Sec. 5. And be it further enasted by the General Assembly, That there shall be judges appointed in this commonwealth: and it shall be the duty of the said judges to attend the said Circuit Courts, allotting among themselves once in every year at their general session, the court, who shall be judges of the country to which they shall be allotted. Which allotment shall be certified under the hands and seals of the judges making the same, and entered upon the records of the circuit courts at their next term, to be holden respectively. In case of a temporary appointment, by the election after the annual allotment of the counties as aforesaid, such judge shall take the place of him in whose steads has he been so appointed, and shall attend accordingly to his allotment.

Sec. 6. And be it surther enasted. That in case any judge shall fail to attend the courts to which he shall be allotted, that for every such failure there shall be a deduction from his annual salary, proportioned to the term or terms so lost, to the terms which he is bound to attend to, according to his allotment—and in order to a scertain the sum to the auditor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he presides, stating the number of terms which each judge has attended; and the unditor in issuing his warrants, shall be governed as to the suditor in issuing his warrants, shall be governed as to the suditor in issuing the same and in order to a scera

inal respectively at their general tennon, the countries new that respectively attend at the eniusing terms, two to each court, who shall be judges of the country to which they shall be allotted. Which allotment shall be certified under the hands and seals of the judges making the same, and entered upon the records of the circuit courts at their next term, to be holden respectively. In case of a temporary appointment, by the election after the annual allotment of the counties as aforesaid, such judge shall take the place of him in whole stead he hath been so appointed, and shall attend accordingly to his allotment.

Sec. 6. And be is further enacted, That in case any judge shall to attend the courts to which he shall be allotted, that for every such salitor the terms there shall be a deduction from his annual salary, proportioned to the term or terms so lost, to the terms which he is bound to attend to, according to his allotmen—and in order to assertain the funto which a judge is entitled, it shall be necessary for the judge to produce to the auditor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he bressed at the auditor in fishing his warrants, shall be governed as to the sundtor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he bressed as to the auditor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he bressed as to the auditor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he bressed as to the sundtor of public accounts, certificates from the respective clerks of the courts in which he district courts are now held, said the auditor in fishing his warrants, shall be governed as to the sundtor of public accounts, certificates.

Sec. 78 be is further enacted, That the circuit courts to be held in each county as a foresiad, shall have power to hear and determine all treasons, murders, sellonies, and other which he district courts are now held, shall have proven the adv

ift November.

acts Be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of the feveral District Gourt Clerks within this commonwealth, within days after the Clerks shall be appointed to the circuit courts to be holden in the counties in which the District Court now first to deliver to the Clerks of the Greuit Courts of the aforefaid county, all papers, refords and books of every discription whatever belonging to their respective officer.

offices.

And it shall be the duty of the several quarter session court clerks within this commonwealth, within days after the seleck shall be appointed to the circuit court of the county to which they respectively belong, to deliver to the clerks of the said circuit courts for each county all papers, records, books, and every thing properly belonging to their respective offices.

papers, records, books, and every thing properly belonging to their respective offices.

Sec. 10 And it shall be the duty of the several circuit court clerks to receive the said records and papers and doors ett the causes as nearly as may be in the order in which they shood in the former courts, and the said circuit courts shall havefull power and authority to hear and determine all such cases in the same manner as though the suits had been originally commenced in the said circuit courts and to take any intermediate steps to bring the same to trial which might have been taken by the courts from which the same was removed.

oved.

Each judge of the circuit courts before he enters upon the tecution of his office, shall take the same oath which takes of the district courts, are now required by law

se.

Sec. 11 It shall be the duty of the sheriss of the several
unties within this commonwealth, to attend the circuit
tres of their respective counties, in the same manner they
compelled by law to attend the quarter session courts of

their counties.

Sec. 12 And be it further enalled, That the clerk of the general court shall receive for his services the same sees and allowances which are now given by law to the clerk of the general court: And the clerks of the several circuit courts shall receive for their services the same sees now allowed by law to the clerks of the quarter selsion courts for similar services and in other cases what is allowed to the clerks of the

thick courts.

Sec. 13 Witneffes attending the circuit courts shall be entied to the same sum for mileage and attendance as witnefs heretofore attending the quarter session courts.

Sec. 14 One circuit judge shall be sufficient to constitue a
out for the trial of all cases except in cases by this act
westers are recorded.

TAKEN up by the fubicriber, Clarke AREN up by the lubicriber, darke County, living on the fast for four mile creek, five miles from Wincheller, a black mare, eight years old, branded on the near (houlder FC, has a faddle fnot on each fide of her back and nearly five feet high; appraifed to f.20.

he Wild Han Winter

Abram Adams. September 9th, 1800.

FOR SALE,
THREE HUNDRED ACRES OF FIRST RATE TO
MILITARY LAND,

MILITARY LAND,

LYING and being on the waters of
Whippowill creek, in the County of
Logan, within five miles of Ruffellville.
A very Good Spring and Seat for a Still,
Good Peach Orchard, twenty five Acrea
of Improved Land, Dwelling Houfe, befides an Excellent Body of a Houfe put
up two flory high, a Stable and other one
Houles. Payment may be made with
CASH—I will give possession the first of
April. April.

GEORGE HERNDON November 5, 1800.

A GREAT BARGAIN
FOR CASH OR PRODUCE.

APPLICATIONS MADE, SHORLY I WILL SELL THE
TWO STORY

BRICK HOUSE & LOT,

BRICK HOUSE & LOT.
TOGETHER, with the improvements thereon, late the property of DANL.
GANO, fituate in the town of Frankfort, corner of Main Street, & the firest which leads to the State House.—The terms of payment can be made very easy—Apply to Gapt. Weissigk, or GEORGE W. FIELD.

WORTHY OF ATTENTION.

ON Friday the 26th day of December next, will be offered at public fale, in the town of Frankfort, that valuable, elegant and handfomely fituated, and Theorem. new Thre

BRICK HOUSE, BRICK HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, on which it is erecked, now occupied as an Inn by Dock. Gano, together with the improvements, confiling of a Two Story BRICK KITCHEN, &c.

KITCHEN, &c.
As it is prefumed no perfon will purchase without seeing the property, a more
minute description may be unnecessary.

—A satisfactory title can be given.

—As fatisfactory title can be given.

Set Field,

at Capt. Weifigers.

Frankfort, 6th Nov. 1800.

PARIS DISTRICT.
October term, 1800.
Henry Clay and George M. Bedinger,

Acopy.

The Aroute of the court house into one, the form and to reduce into one, the format being and the format being and the contribute of the court has a papearing to the faits action of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this attention of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this actention of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this actention of the complainants by their counfel, it is brdered that the faid defendant do appear here on the third day of the next March term, and answer the complainants bill; that a copy of this order be published eight weeks successively in some one of the Kentucky Gazettes; another copy posted at the door of the court-house in Paris, and published at the front door of the Prebyterian meeting-house in Paris, some Sunday immediately after divine service.

\*\* Tho. Annoto, Clk.

THAT I will attend (or my fon Amos Edwards will, on my behalf) the commissions appointed by the county owner of Montgomery, under the act entitled "an act to reduce into one, the several acts, to ascertain the boundaries of, and for processioning lands," to meet at Mr. Simpsons tavern, in the town of Mount Sterling, on the 25th day of November inst. to proceed from thence to establish the special calls in two entries, the one made in Dec. 11th 178a, in the hame of John Edwards, assignee of Samuel Beall, for 5000 acres, calling to begin at a buckeye tree, marked B, on the north side of Spencers creek, a branch of Licking, and to run N. 30 W, and down the creek for quantity. The other, made a buckeye tree, marked B, on the north side of Spencers creek, a branch of Licking, and to run N. 30 W, and down the creek for quantity. The other, made of John Edwards, affignee of Samuel Beall, for 1000 acres, calling to begin at a small sugar tree, marked D, on a branch of Hunkson, and to run N. 30 W, and down the creek for quantity. The other, made to the races may be necessary in centering to faid act. The commissioners stored with the special for in the first mentioned entry, and will continue fro Paris, November 1ft, 1800.

August 26th, 1800.

## SACRED TO THE MUSES.

TO A FORT.

What mean these implements of cruel strife, That Ist their brazen throats above you wall? Is there too long a space allow'd for life, That you are made t' accelerate man's fall?

o" - your guns, whose loud tremendous ros Can imitate the thunder of high Jove, Have fent destruction o'er th' echoing shore, To fouls that long have gone to realms above

Hark, the drums beat, I fludder at the found! To me it brings the widow's hollow groans, Poor wretches lying on the enlanguin'd ground, The tear of friendship, and the orphan's moan !

## ANECDOTE.

An Irishman, a few days since, was ar-An Iriliman, a few days fince, was arraigned before a number of ladies whom he had offended, when one of them began with him in the following words: "Frither, Yack, who do you think you are?" "When I was in my own country," replicated Teague, "my name was John O'Conner; but fince I am here, furrounded with foggors, I am thinking myfelf to be Yohn Rogers, minister of the gaspek."

LANDS TO SELL.

At a Reasonable Price, viz.

183633 ares, in Muntgomery county, bounded on the loath by Red vive, on reasonable with the red of the load of the lo

wille.

sacres, of land in 'everal finall grants referved

Aute of Virginia, and confirmed by two acts
geets, lying on the bank of the river Kafkafki
ir the town of the fisme name, territory N

o, utilitary land in the Illinois grant N. W 18 poles from the river and opposite 18 tick lies also ut 25 miles above Louif t is not far from a flourithing fettle

mon' in the great.

N. S. Negross, Produce, Merchandize, Lotts &
Boules in Lexington, Pars or Danville with teaken
in part a good plantation between Lexington and
Mount sti, ling will command a profitsale bargain
for the parchafter of a condendale quantity of a
lands. For further information uply to

High firest Lexington.

ff

High freet Lexington.

NOTICE:
HE co-partnership of Genedius Bearty & C.

is now disliked by mural content; and at the fulscriber will be abbent from this place for form, the required all performs indebted to the above farm breall and fettle the balance of their account with A. Bearty, who is fully anticorifed to receive them. Their wim nested this nuttee, may be at greed that more effectual tteps will be taken to com-G. Beatty.

Destington, 100 5, 100.05

I GIVE notice to gentlemen who have been cullimers to my harts \$M\_{\rm A}M\_{\rm A}^2, and those who will
tentured to the latest the to move him from
the contract the first the statest the will come forward
to make the mars to the amount of \$155, at
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ on one at Christmas in whitkey delivered in resistance at practe price, or Flour delivered in frankford at market price, or flour delivered in frankford at market price, or flour for
twelve deliuss for the feelon, or fover the imple
lean, price at Christmas 1831 — I find money versforce and difficult to colled, it we reason I wish to
move him, the indulence I have given has caused
me to fuller much for money. move him, the indusers, me to fuffer much for money.

Benj. Wbarton.

N. BURROWES

PESPECTRULLY informs his friends and the public in some of that he has removed from the brick house neglocing. M. J. Jourdan, and Melfs. § 6.4. Trotter, to the brick house opposite the court house and next door above W. A. Parker—where has in addition to his former afforment, stard, Crockery and Glais Wares, also complete sets of China Tea Ware.

N. B. Those indebted are reason.

Lexington, 10th May, 1800.

Lexington, toth May, 1800.

TROTTER & SCOTT

I ERENY inform the public that they have removed their flore into the brick building next chor below the house they formerly occupied, and have jail received and now opened for fale, a large and very elegant affortment of MERCHANDIZE.

Is addition to their the kon hand, with a fupply of All kinds of Groceries, Glars, China, and Systems Varer, Salt, Barrion, and Castings—Execulent Mann's Lick Salt.

As the above Merchandize have been purchased with Cash only, they will of consequence to fold appearance of the consequence of the conse

And for sale at this Office, the following BOOKS & PAMPHLETS, Which will be sold at the prices thereto annexed, viz—

BOUND BOOKS.

Junius Redivivus, Barlow's Letters, Annual Regilter for 1796, Politics for the People, 2 vol. 7 be Preficient's Mediage to Congrefs, rela-tive to France and Great Britain, Lyon's Managine. tive to France and Great Britam,
Lyon's Magazine,
The Philantinopoil or the National Character of the English and French by Junius Junior,
Jockey Club,
Foltital Claffics, 3 vol.
The Farmer's Letters,
The Democrat,
Defence of Utuy,
Common Senic,

5

75

25

7 7 75

34

38

38 75 38

38

White's Sermons,
Life of Cariti, 2 vol.
Calvinium Improved,
Price's sermons,
Harvey's Miderlands,
Wat's Miderlands,
Wat's Miderlands,
Wat's Miderlands,
Wilfold's Sacramental Meditations,
Wilfold's Sacramental Meditations,
Popular Kile and Progrefs,
Destige's Ride and Progrefs,
Destige's Ride and Progrefs,
Destige's Ride and Progrefs,
Weither's University University University
Weither's Destigations,
Weither's Destigations, Wenter's Sermon, Divine Breathings, Bunyan's Vilions, Janeway's Token, Flavel's Token for Mouraets, Baptift Confession of Faith,

Blainvilles Traveis, 3 vol.
Enno's Artistingtic,
Fenno's Euclid,
Goidmint's Annimated Nature, 4 vol.
Practical Farmer, 2 vol.
Erctiption of Fenne size,
Froter's Allihart,
Demante Disloguets,

PAMPHLETS.

Political.

Political.

The American Critis,
Rights of Wan for all Mankind,
Gallath's Speech on the foreign Intercourse?

Path to Ruches,
Cato's Examination of Jay's Treaty,
Bane to Graw for the Democrats,
A View of the Caufet and Confequences of
the prefent war with Frame,
A Pill for Porcupine,
A Pill for Porcupine,
Cato Cato Cato Cato
A Pill for Porcupine,
The studied Character of the French and English by Jonius Junior,
The Studget of the People,
Address to Congret on Jay's Treaty,
Se muon to Vinuflee's affects, by the author
of Sermons to Alfe's,
Dinary Fall of the British Sylem of
Mancal of the Theo Pallaphreniis,

ice,
I of the Theo Philambrophils,
they no Creature of God's Making,
they a gandy on Pope,
and treland,
al Dictionary,
f Nature,
which come a company to the company to the company
to the company to the company to the company
to the company to the company to the company to the company
to the company to the

w of Nature, ait and Acours, olden's Tour time Upper and Rower Canada, olden's Tour time Upper and Rower Canada, better the Pennis'Ivania Legillature, respecting the Hank, retirence on the Address of George Washington, notifying his relinquishment of the office of President, he imposter Derected by Timothy Tie

etoby, res Acre Affociation, abeau's Confiderations of the Order of 2 cinatus, of I homas Walker and others for

Another Principle of the United States, to Prance examined by a Pennfyl-

ian,
er of H. Duncombe,
rks on the conduct of George Washton, as President of the United
tes,

Moral. &c.

Apoftolic Union of the Church,
Divine Righteoufnets exhibited in the Salvation and Damnation of Sinners.
Age of Reafon, 14 and 24 part,
Wakefield's Examination of Paine's Age of E Reafon, The Fruth of the Bible by John Fowler, Wakefield's Letter on the spirit of Christianity,
A Revealed knowledge of the Prophecies,
Exhortation to a Religious Education of
children by the Baptift Churches,
An account of the London Miffionary So Family Exercises, Modes of Presbyterian Church Worship Vin- 2 dicated, A Catechim for Youth, Ruffel's Seven Sermons, sermons to the Rich and Studious, sermons to the Rich and Studious,
The Poffe,
Annan on Univerfal Salvation,
Conflagration a Poem,
Affecting intory of the dreadful diffress of Serederick Manheim's Family and others,

Miscellaneous.

Remarkable deliverance of George Lukens, Payne Adie, on Course Martial,

The London Vocabulary,
Dibden's Muleum; or a choice collection of Songs To affix and Sentiments,
Interpretation of Dreams,
st George Tucker on the Abolition of fla '2 very,

Productions of the Office of the Kentuc

Productions of the Coffice of the Kenth 
ky Gazette.

Wincheffer's Dialogues,
Slavery incondition with Juffice and Good 
Policy.

A floor and Eafy Method with the Deifts,
A floor and Eafy Method with the Deifts,
Correspondence between Goog e Nicholas y
and h. G. Harper,
Bongants,
General Coccurrences in the life of col.
James Smith,
The Perfectured Wanderer,
William's Grammark,
The Continuous of Kentucky,
Revifed Laws of Kentucky,
Apriliar.

INDIGO, LOGWOOD, & RICE, uft arrived from New-Orleans, and

FOR SALE, at the STORE of

JOHN A. SEITE. October 18th.

ALEXANDER PARKER

As just received from Finladelphia,
and opened at his store on Main
arcet, opposite the court-house, a very
general allortment of
Drustage. ALEXANDER PARKER

general adortment of
Dry Goods, Queens,
Groceries, China and
Hard Ware, Class Wares.
Which he will fell at the moit reduced
prices for CASH.
Lexington September 15th, 1800.

Lexington September 13th, 1800.

N. B. In the above affortment there are the best French Indigo, Loaf Sugar, Coffee and Teas, Boulting Clottas afforted. Corded Dimities and Scarlet Carolinals, Wool Cards, and Cut Nails afforted.

UNITED STATES: Kentucky District, to wit:

UNITED STATES:

\*\*Rentucky District\*, to wit:

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* BE IT REMEMBERED, That

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* BE IT REMEMBERED, That

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* on the thirtieth day of Sep
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* tember, one thousand eight
hundred, and in the twenty
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* in the year of American Independence, JUHN BRADFORD hath
depondence, JUHN BRADFORD hath
depondence of the Peace, Sterrift, Coro
\*\*ners and Constables, in the State of Ken
\*\*unicky; with precedents suited to every

\*\*case that can possibly arise in either of

\*\*those offices, under the laws now in

\*force, with references to the sun own in

\*force, with references to the sun own in

\*force, with references to the union of

\*which they do arise. The whole alpha

\*\*bettcally digested under the second in

\*tels; with an Indee, for the resi
\*viles; with an Indee, for the resi
\*viles; with an Indee, for the resi
\*viles; with an Indee, for the Con
\*poied and published by the fail John

\*BANDFORD, Editor of the Kenyucky

\*Gazerre, in the town of Lexington, in

the State of Kentucky. In conforming

to the Act of Congress of the United

States, in and for the Kentucky Difficial

Authors and Proprietors of fish co
pies, during the times therein mention
d." Certified under my hand as Clerk

of the Difficial Court of the United

States, in and for the Kentucky Difficial

and feal of office, this 30th day of Sep
tember, 1800.

Thomas Tunstall, C. K. D. C.

THOMAS TUNSTALL, C. K. D. C.

and for tale at this office; it contains up-wards of two hundred forms or precedents, amongst which are the following viz. of

Attachments, Bail Piece,
Bonds,
Commissioners return,
Certificates, Demurrer,
Exceptions,
Executions,
Joinder,
Indictments,
Inquisition,
Judgments,
Mittimus' Oaths, Recognizances, Records, Returns.

Together with an explanation of fuch Law Terms as are in general ufe—Max-ins and General Rules. Actions and Re-medies, &c.

BLANK BOOKS,

Of any descripion, may be bad at this Office on the shortest notice.

TO RENT,

with PLACE with about 1 now 157%,
A T the croding of main Engle creaty fifteen
A miles from Georgetown, on the road to Cincinnati. There is a good bewed log boule, tuty
feet long, four good then the place, a good log tile
feet long, four good then the place, a good log tile
feet long, four good then the place, a good log tile
feet long, four good then the place, a good log
ten dichibins; about thity if a rare of cleared land,
ton if which immediate, the great loid; joining the
public house Serang for flock, is generally shown a
polificial of the property of the property of the
public house Serang for flock, is generally shown a
polificial or to the lubic the cin Frankfort.

I. P. Any perfor renting immediately, can be
furnished with a quantity of winter vegetables. S

INFORMASION,

IN Springfield and the start of the start of the constance of the place of the start of the conpart of the start of the start of the start

N. Springfield and the start of the start

INFORMASION,

INFO

Joseph Jeffs.

October 20th, 1800.

CLARKE COUNTY, to wit.

September Court of Quarter Seffens, 1800. Thomas Hinde, complainant,

Thomas Hinde, complainant,

vs.

Robert Clough, defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant not having entered the relief of the court, and is appearing to the farming the court of the court o

FLEMING COUNTY, 18t.
September Term, 1800.
John Allison, complainant

This Addition, complainant

Genet Levin, 19/20 Addit, 1940 Cartie, Cos. Bareshy
assend Hart, Jean Craig, Johen Jahin, Steine

Region Demoting, appearance join Joine,
1977 Will John Demoting, appearance joine Joine,
1977 Will John Demoting, appearance to join Joine,
1977 Will John Demoting, appearance berein givened,
1977 Will John John Steiner, 1978

HE defendant Simon Kenton not halaw, sing entered his appearance berein agreed to so
law, sing entered his appearance berein agreed to so
law, sing entered his Joine and the appearance
law, sing entered his Joine and the appearance
law, sing entered his Joine and the appearance
law, sing entered his Joine and the formation of
the Cartich-Cartes of the Court and the appearance
law, sing entered his Joine and the General Court
and the Cartich-Cartes of the Court
complainant by the council, the ordered that the defedered at the first a copy of this arder he forthwith infedered in the Kestucky Greete, for the meetin facecellively, and that a copy of this arder he forthwith infedered in the Kestucky Greete, for the meetin facecellively, and published at the door of the Methodiff
meetingbouts in the Town of Flemingfung, Jome
pooled at the front door of the Court houle in Fleming
points.

(ACOpy) Teffe,

(ACOpy) Teffe,

ing county.

(ACopy.) Tefte,

Thomas Dougherty c.c.

P. YEISER & SON,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced the

CURRYING BUSINESS,

In the town of Lexington, at the fouth corner of Maia and Grois ftreets, in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Arc.: Milyain, faddler, where they intend keeping a general affortment of LEATHER,
Which will be diffored of by wholfale and retail, for CASH and HIDES.

Danville, 24th of August, 1800. Gjtp

MANN's LICK.

A Large Quantity of SALT for SALE.
John Speed.

NOTICE.

A 5 the Subteriber intends flarting for Philadelphia about the 25th of December next, requells all those indebted to him, to make payment before that time. Further indulgence is not to be expected.

ALEX. PARKER. Lexington, October 28th 1800.

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT John Blackmore, or mylelf will itend at the head firing of Eaple creek, in Scott county, the 34th As of Novemberceek, in order to me the state of the state

September 11th, 1800. Nathaniel Ashby.